



美国化学会期刊投稿与写作 —— ACS助力科研发表







目录 Content

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- 2. 期刊科技论文的基本架构和写作要点
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- 4. ACS期刊审稿流程和同行评议知识





ACS 数据库期刊最新动态





ACS Is the World's Largest Scientific Society

- 出版高品质的专业科学期刊
- 促进化学及相关学科的交流与发展

ACS美国化学会 成立于1876年 **140** 多个国家 150,000+ 会员



ACS Journals 学术期刊 https://pubs.acs.org

出版 80 多种高品质的专业科学期刊

2024年 JCR 期刊引证报告: ACS期刊的影响 因子中位数为 4.8,总引用次数超过 440 万。

美国化学会志 JACS 保持在化学领域里是被引用次数最多的期刊。

部分期刊在各自学科领域内是被引用次数最多的期刊之一:

Analytical Chemistry
Crystal Growth & Design
Journal of Medicinal Chemistry
Journal of Agricultural and Food Chemistry





WE COVER EVERY ASPECT OF CHEMISTRY

ACS的很多期刊是跨学科的,涵盖了广泛的研究领域课题的前沿研究成果。研究需要寻求的答案可能不仅限于一种 ACS 期刊。

ACS 期刊涵盖的学科领域包括但不限于:

无机化学 有机化学 有机金属化学 分析化学

物理化学 理论与计算化学 高分子科学 化学教育 能源 催化 材料科学 纳米科学

农业与食品化学 生物与药物化学 化学工程与工业化学 地球、空间与环境化学

Journal of the American Chemical Society 美国化学会志

2023 Impact Factor: 14.4 | Citations: 568,265

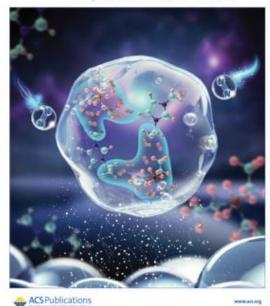
美国化学会志 JACS 创刊于 1879 年,是美国化学会出 版的第一本期刊和旗舰期刊,也是世界上所有化学和 科学交叉领域的杰出期刊。

JACS 是化学领域里被引用次数最多的跨学科化学期刊, 目前每年发表大约 2500 篇科研文章,每周出版一期。

发表化学各个领域里顶尖的基础和应用研究成果。

期刊收录研究方向: 化学, 跨学科化学 Indexed in: CAS, SCIE, Scopus, PubMed, etc.







Chemical Reviews 化学评论

2023 Impact Factor: 51.4 | Citations: 230,794

Chemical Reviews 是最受推崇同时也是排名最高的期刊之 一,涵盖了化学学科所有的研究领域,为有机化学,无 机化学, 物理化学, 分析化学, 理论化学和生物化学各 领域的重要研究提供全面, 权威, 关键和可读性强的综 述文章。

除了综述文章以外,期刊定期出版权威专题,重点关注 新兴研究领域的单一主题或方向。

> 期刊收录研究方向: 化学, 跨学科化学 Indexed in: CAS, SCIE, Scopus, PubMed, etc.







Organic-Inorganic Chemistry 有机与无机化学

- The Journal of Organic Chemistry 有机化学领域的著名期刊
- Organic Letters

有机化学被引用次数最多的期刊之一



无机化学领域被引用次数最多的期刊

Crystal Growth & Design

晶体学领域被引用次数最多的期刊

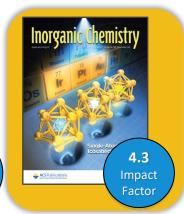














Physical Chemistry 物理化学

The Journal of Physical Chemistry A

分子、离子、自由基、 团簇和气溶胶物理化学 的实验、理论和计算研 究





The Journal of Physical Chemistry B

生物物理、生物化学、 生物材料和软物质领域 的实验、理论和计算研 究

The Journal of Physical Chemistry C

纳米、低维和块状材料 物理化学的实验、理论 和计算研究;界面的化学 转变;以及能量转换和储 存





The Journal of Physical Chemistry Letters

物理化学领域的快报类期刊

Analytical Chemistry 分析化学

2023 Impact Factor: 6.7 | Citations: 153,592

Analytical Chemistry是分析化学领域被引用次数最多的同行评审期刊,收录了分析化学所有分支的原创研究。

研究方向包括但不限于生物分析化学、生物工程、化学分析、环境科学、鉴证和医学。主题通常包括化学反应和选择性、化学计量学与数据处理、电化学、元素与分子表征、成像、仪器、质谱、微米/纳米尺度系统、组学、传感、分类、光谱学和表面分析。论文中若采用已有的分析方法,则应该阐述该分析方法的重要用途及显著提升,或者有重要分析物。



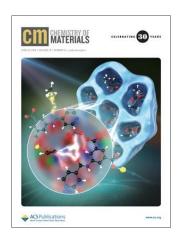


W00000 015 015

期刊收录研究方向: 化学,分析化学 Indexed in: CAS, SCIE, Scopus, PubMed, etc.



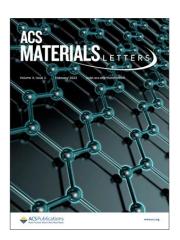
Materials Science & Engineering 材料科学与工程



Chemistry of Materials

IMPACT FACTOR

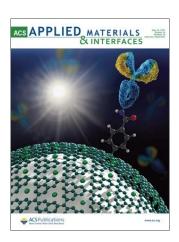
7.2



ACS Materials Letters

IMPACT FACTOR

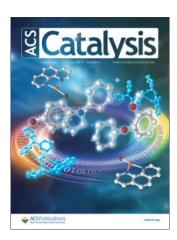
9.6



ACS Applied Materials & Interfaces

IMPACT FACTOR

8.3

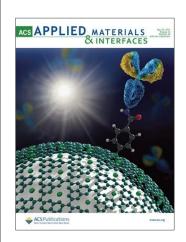


ACS Catalysis

IMPACT FACTOR

11.3

Applied Materials Science & Engineering 应用材料系列期刊

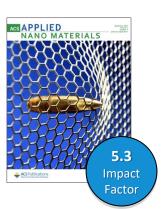


ACS Applied Materials & Interfaces

IMPACT FACTOR

8.3















ACS AMI子刊

生物材料 Bio 电子材料 Electronic 能源材料 Energy 工程材料 Engineering 纳米材料 NANO 聚合材料 Polymer 光学材料 Optical

Nanoscience and Nanotechnology 纳米科学与技术



ACS NANO

出版了关于纳米结构 (纳米材料和组件、纳米器件和自组装结构) 的合成、组装、表征、理论和模拟、纳米生物技术、纳米制造、纳米科学和纳米技术的方法和工具以及自组装和定向组装的综合文章。

IMPACT FACTOR

IMPACT FACTOR

15.8

9.6

NANO LETTERS

快速报告是刊载纳米科学和技术所有领域的基础、应用和新兴研究成果的期刊。符合其范围的主要标准之一是至少融合两个不同领域或学科。



Environmental Science 环境科学与技术



Environmental Science & Technology

IMPACT FACTOR

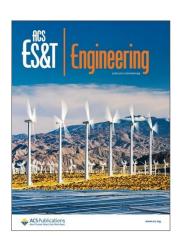
10.8



Environmental
Science &
Technology Letters

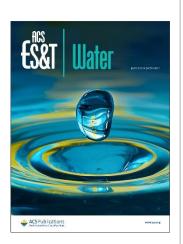
IMPACT FACTOR

8.9



ACS ES&T
Engineering

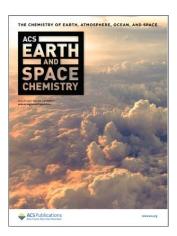
7.4



ACS ES&T
Water

IMPACT FACTOR

4.8

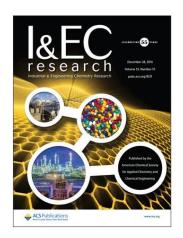


ACS Earth and Space Chemistry

IMPACT FACTOR

2.9

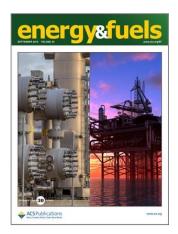
Energy and Transportation 化工与能源



Industrial &
Engineering
Chemistry Research

IMPACT FACTOR

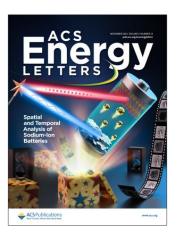
3.8



Energy & Fuels

IMPACT FACTOR

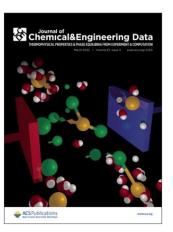
5.2



ACS Energy Letters

IMPACT FACTOR

19.3



Journal of Chemical & Engineering Data

IMPACT FACTOR

2.0





ACS Open Science 开放获取内容介绍

Open Access Journals

美国化学会旗下的开放获取期刊总共有18种,分别具有不同的内容和定位。

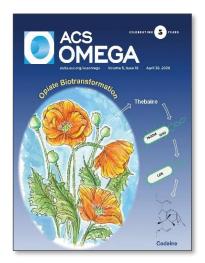


ACS Central Science

Launched in 2015

IMPACT FACTOR

12.7

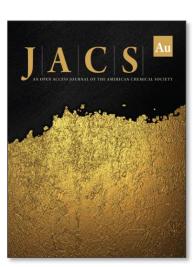


ACS Omega

Launched in 2016

IMPACT FACTOR

3.7



JACS Au

Launched in 2021

IMPACT FACTOR

8.5

Open Access Journals

美国化学会旗下的开放获取期刊总共有18种,分别具有不同的内容和定位。

ACS Central Science, ACS Omega, JACS Au 多学科化学期刊

ACS Au Journals 系列期刊

- ACS Bio & Med Chem Au
- ACS Engineering Au
- ACS Environmental Au
- ACS Materials Au
- ACS Measurement Science Au
- ACS Nanoscience Au
- ACS Organic & Inorganic Au
- ACS Physical Chemistry Au
- ACS Polymers Au



ACS 与中国的高校及科研机构的合作期刊

Precision Chemistry 2023 University of Science and Technology of China

Chemical & Biomedical Imaging 2023 Nanjing University

Environment & Health 2023 the Research Center for Eco-Environmental Sciences, CAS

ACS 新刊 (2023 - 2025)

ACS Applied Engineering Materials

ACS Applied Optical Materials

ACS ES&T Air

ARTIFICIAL

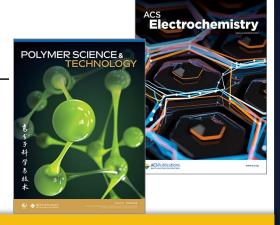
ACS Sustainable Resource Management

ACS Electrochemistry



Launched in 2025 -

Launched in 2024



合作出版期刊 (2023 - 2025)

Chemical & Biomedical Imaging Environment & Health

Precision Chemistry

Chem & Bio Engineering

Artificial Photosynthesis

Polymer Science & Technology





期刊科技论文的基本框架和写作要点



科技论文写作的基本架构

前段



中段



后段



科技论文写作基本架构——IMRD Structure

Abstract

Why they did it?

How they did it?

What did they find?

What does it mean?

Methods

What experiments were done to answer the questions stated in the introduction?

Discussion

How the results support the conclusion?

Introduction

What is known about the topic?

What is not known?

What questions the authors asked and answered?

Results

What has been found?

Conclusion

What did they find?

Better explain them?

What is the next?



■ 形式 名词性的短语结构

■ 表达 我的研究内容 What is it about?

我的研究结果 What did we find?

■ 避免 复杂难懂的缩写: B97-1, DEF2Y

复杂的命名或分子式: $[(PBO)Pd(NCMe)_2][OTf]_2$

难以证实或主观的词语: First, Only, Novel

把标题写成设问句: Why? How?





■标题小方法:组合关键词

Mechanism

Catalytic Oxidation

Styrenes

Hydrogen Peroxide

Cationic Palladium(II) Complexes





■ 标题小方法: 描述研究内容或结果

Mechanism of Catalytic Oxidation of Styrenes with Hydrogen Peroxide in the Presence of Cationic Palladium(II) Complexes

苯乙烯与过氧化氢在阳离子钯催化剂作用下的催化氧化机理

J. Am. Chem. Soc., 2017, 139 (36), pp 12495–12503

https://doi.org/10.1021/jacs.7b05413





标题案例:

- Radical Route to 1,4-Benzothiazine Derivatives from 2-Aminobenzenethiols and Ketones under Transition-Metal-Free Conditions 合成 1,4-苯并噻嗪衍生物的新方法
- 11-Step Total Synthesis of Pallambins C and D 天然物 Pallambins C/D 的全合成
- Cu and Cu-Based Nanoparticles: Synthesis and Applications in Catalysis 铜与铜基纳米粒子:催化中的合成与应用

Abstract 摘要

Anatomy of an Abstract **Purpose** 目的 Purpose & Problem Statement (keep the big-picture in mind) **Problem Statement** 问题陈述 Methodology Methodology & **Major Findings** 方法论 (highlight key discoveries) **Major Findings** 主要发现 Conclusion Conclusion (summarize the significance) 结论

Engineered 3D DNA crystals are promising scaffolds for bottom-up construction of three-dimensional, macroscopic devices from the molecular level. Nevertheless, this has been hindered by the highly constrained conditions for DNA crystals to be stable. Here we report a method to prepare robust 3D DNA crystals by postassembly ligation to remove this constraint. Specifically, sticky ends at crystal contacts were enzymatically ligated, and the covalent bonds significantly enhanced crystal stability, e.g., being stable at 65 °C. This method also enabled the fabrication of DNA crystals with complex architectures including crystal shell, core—shell, and matryoshka dolls. Furthermore, we have demonstrated the applications of the robust DNA crystals in biocatalysis and protein entrapment. Our study removes one key obstacle for the applications of DNA crystals and offers many new opportunities in DNA nanotechnology.

Abstract 摘要

摘要的写法可以包含五个部分,按以下顺序:

目的

介绍主题,传达其对广泛领域的重要性,并解释"大局"

问题陈述

正在解决什么科学问题

方法论

强调所采用的关键途径、方法和分析

主要发现

强调研究的结果和成果,解释数据内容并提醒读者

结论

强调这项工作的意义及其影响。为什么这项工作意义重大? 这项研究可能会带来什么结果?

Abstract 摘要

摘要不应包括:

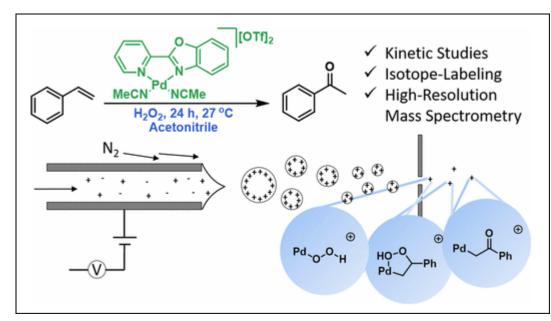
- 过多的介绍性句子
- 过多或不相关的实验细节和数值数据
- 参考引文, 因为读者可能无法访问它们
- 未定义的首字母缩略词或缩写
- 未经证实的主张或与数据相矛盾或不受数据支持的信息
- 超出期刊允许的字数



Graphics 图片

思考:设计哪些图片,讲述你的科研故事。

- Be clear
- Be precise
- Informative
- Support your text
- Use color
- Original
- Unpublished



J. Am. Chem. Soc., 2017, 139 (36), pp 12495-12503

Graphics 图片

How to draw chemical Compounds with ChemDraw?

Good: ACS document setting (Helvetica)

Not great: ACS document setting, font changed to Times

Bad: ACS document setting, but very small Times font

Question: Which font looks best in a scientific figure?

Answer:

Arial or Helvetica, always.

Materials (Arial)
Materials (Helvetica)
Materials (Times)
Materials (Times New Roman)
Materials (Calibri)

Times is a serif font o=serif
Helvetica is a sans-serif font

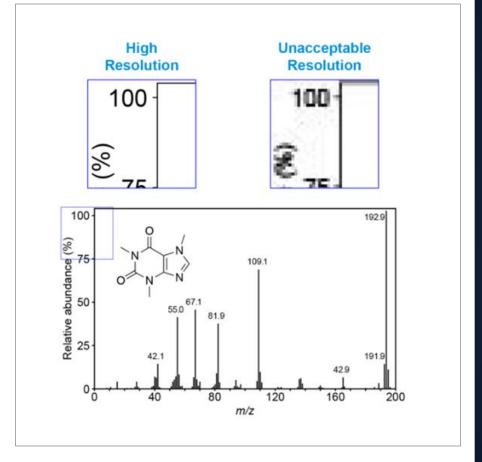
Graphics 图片

Minimum Resolution 最低分辨率

- Black and white line art, 1200 dpi
- Grayscale art, 600 dpi
- Color art, 300 dpi

Size 尺寸

- Single-column graphics: 240 points wide
- Double-column graphics: 300 504 points
- The maximum depth: 660 points
- Caption: 12 pts
- Fonts: Helvetica or Arial



Language and Text 语言

英文论文写作时有哪些误区需要注意避免呢?

02 注意区分易混淆 的单词和短语



Language and Text 语言



避免使用不恰当的词语

避免使用缩略词:

- × wasn't
- √ was not
- × in the lab
- **√** in the laboratory







Language and Text 语言



避免使用 it is, there are, this is 这类句式结构:

- × It is a procedure that is often used.
- **▼** This procedure is often used.
- There are seven steps that must be completed.
- **▼** Seven steps must be completed.







Language and Text 语言



常见的易混淆的单词和短语

Affect V.S. Effect

Assure V.S. Ensure V.S. Insure

Comprise V.S. Compose







Language and Text 语言



常见的易混淆的单词和短语

- Comprise V.S. Compose
 - × A book is comprised of chapters.
 - **√** A book comprises chapters.
 - **▼** A book is composed of chapters.







Language and Text 语言



使用性别中立语言

Policeman Police officer

Chairman Chair

Man made synthetic, artificial, etc.

Stewardess Flight attendant

The corresponding author should The name of the corresponding author place an asterisk after his name. should be followed by an asterisk.

Document Templates 稿件格式模板

Template for Submission of Manuscripts to American Chemical Society Journals[←]

Word 2010, Page Wide Abstract Version←

Title

This template is a guide to be used to prepare manuscripts for submission. Please thors or a recent issue of the journal for detailed guidelines and procedures for si tended to benefit to the author in that the entire manuscript (text, tables, and grap file. Inserting graphics and tables close to the point at which they are discussed in the text of the manuscript can

In ACS publications there are many different components of a manuscript (i.e., title, at

etc.) that are represented in the template. See the Guide, Notes, Notice, or Instruction

When you submit a manuscript using this template, you will not actually see the page formatting that appears in the printed journal. This will occur as part of the editorial production process. Abbreviated instructions for using the template follow. Consult the documentation for your specific application and version for more informati tional instructions can be found in the readme file at the web page where you download

Using the template

Author

homepage to determine which parts should be included for the manuscript that you are 1. If typing your manuscript directly into the template, select (highlight) the text of the template that you want to replace and begin typing your manuscript (i.e., select the Title section for typing in your title).

- 2. If you have already prepared your document in a Word file, you will need to attach the template to your working document in order to apply the Word Style tags. Further instructions can be found in the readme file at the web page where you downloaded this template.
 - a. Go to the Word Style list on the formatting toolbar and you will see all the Wo has now been imported into the current document. A Styles toolbar has been different Styles for you to choose from. If this is not present, select View, Too it should appear. You can close this at any time and then reopen it when neede

Abstract

- b. Click in the sentence or paragraph and then go to the Word Style menu on the Word Style. This will apply the Word Style to the entire text (sentence or paragraph). Do this for all sections of the manuscript.
- 3. To insert graphics within the text or as a figure, chart, scheme, or table, create a new line and insert the graphic where desired. If your graphic is not visible, ensure that the Word Style is "Normal" with an automatic height adjustment. If the size of the artwork needs to be adjusted, re-size the artwork in your graphics program and re-paste the artwork into the template (maximum width for single-column artwork, 3.3 in double-column artwork, 7 in. (17.8 cm)). NOTE: If you are submitting a Table o the graphic at the end of the file Text
- 4. Ensure that page numbers are present on all pages before submitting your manuscri-
- 5. Delete these instructions and any sections that are not needed.
- 6. Save the file with the graphics in place: select Save As (File menu) and save it as a document file (not a .dot tem-

Graphics

TITLE (Word Style "BA Title"). The title should accurately, clearly, and concisely reflect the emphasis and content of the paper. The title must be brief and grammatically correct. The space above the title is provided for the Journal logo. Do NOT delete this space. ₽

AUTHOR NAMES (Word Style "BB Author Name"). Include in the byline all those who have made substantial contributions to the work, even if the paper was actually written by only one person. Use first names, initials, and surnames (e.g., John R. Smith) or first initials, second names, and surnames (e.g., J. Robert Smith). Do not use only initials with surnames (e.g., J. R. Smith) because this causes indexing and retrieval difficulties and interferes with unique identification of an author. Do not include professional or official titles or academic degrees. At least one author must be designated with an asterisk as the author to whom correspondence should be addressed.

AUTHOR ADDRESS (Word Style "BC_Author_Address"). The affiliation should be the institution where the work was conducted. If the present address of an author differs from that at which the work was done, indicate with a symbol and give the Present Address under Author Information. If more than one address, use symbols to match author

 $\textit{KEYWORDS (Word Style "BG_Keywords")}. If you are submitting your paper to a journal that requires keywords, provide a submitting your paper to a journal that requires keywords, provide a submitting your paper to a journal that requires keywords and the provided paper to a journal that requires keywords and the provided paper to a journal that requires keywords and the provided paper to a journal that requires keywords and the provided paper to a journal that requires keywords are submitting to the provided paper to a journal that requires keywords are submitting to the provided paper to a journal that requires keywords are submitting to the provided paper to a journal that requires keywords are submitting to the provided paper to a journal that requires keywords are submitting to the provided paper to a journal that requires keywords are submitted paper to a journal that requires keywords are submitted paper to a journal that the provided paper to a journ$ significant keywords to aid the reader in literature retrieval.

ABSTRACT: (Word Style "BD Abstract"), All manuscripts must be accompanied by an abstract. The abstract should briefly state the problem or nurnose of the research, indicate the theoretical or experimental plan used, summarize the principal findings, and point out the major conclusions. Abstract length is one paragraph.

TEXT (Word Style "TA_Main_Text"). For full instructions. please see the journal's Instructions for Authors. Do not modify the font in this or any other section, as doing so will not give an accurate estimate of the formatting for publication and final length of the paper.

FIGURES (Word Style "VA_Figure_Caption"). Each figure must have a caption that includes the figure number and a brief description preferably one or two sentences. The caption should follow the format "Figure 1. Figure caption." All figures must be mentioned in the text consecutively and numbered with Arabic numerals. The caption should be understandable without reference to the text. Whenever possible, place the key to symbols in the artwork, not in the caption. To insert the figure into the template, be sure it is already sized appropriately and paste before the figure caption. For formatting double-column figures, see the instructions at the end of the template. Do NOT modify the amount of space before and after the caption as this allows for the rules, space above and below the rules, and space above and below the figure to be inserted

SCHEMES (Word Style "VC_Scheme_Title"). Groups of reactions that show action are called schemes.

Schemes may have brief titles describing their contents. The title should follow the format "Scheme 1. Scheme Title". Schemes may also have footnotes (use Word Style "FD_Scheme_Footnote"). To insert the scheme into the template, be sure it is already sized appropriately and paste after the scheme title. For formatting double-column schemes, see the instructions at the end of the template. Do NOT modify the amount of space before and after the title as this allows for the rules, space above and below the rules, and space above and below the scheme to be inserted

CHARTS (Word Style "VB Chart Title"). Groups of structures that do not show action are called charts. Charts may have brief titles describing their contents. The title should follow the format "Chart 1. Chart Title". Charts may also have footnotes (use Word Style "FC_Chart_Footnote"). To insert the chart into the template, be sure it is already sized appropriately and paste after the chart title. For formatting doublecolumn charts, see the instructions at the end of the template. Do NOT modify the amount of space before and after the title as this allows for the rules, space above and below the rules, and space above and below the chart to be inserted upon editing.

TABLES. Each table must have a brief (one phrase or sentence) title that describes its contents. The title should follow the format "Table 1 Table Title" (Word Style "VD_Table_Title"). The title should be understandable without reference to the text. Put details in footnotes not in the title fuse Word Style "FE Table Footnote"). Do NOT modify the amount of space before and after the title as this allows for the space above and below the table to be inserted upon

Use tables (Word Style "TC Table Body") when the data cannumbers must be presented, or when more meaningful interrelationships can be conveyed by the tabular format. Do not use Word Style "TC_Table_Body" for tables containing artwork. Tables should supplement, not duplicate, text and figures. Tables should be simple and concise. It is preferable to use the Table Tool in your word-processing package, placing one entry per

Displayed equations can be inserted where desired making sure they are assigned Word Style "Normal". Displayed equations can only be one column wide. If the artwork needs to be two columns wide, it must be relabeled as a figure, chart, or scheme and mentioned as such in the text.

ASSOCIATED CONTENT <

(Word Style 'TE_Supporting_Information'). Supporting In formation. A brief statement in nonsentence format listing the contents of material supplied as Supporting Information should be included, ending with 'This material is available free of charge via the Internet at http://pubs.acs.org." For instructions on what should be included in the Supporting Information as well as how to prepare this material for publication, refer to the journal's Instructions for Authors.

AUTHOR INFORMATION

Corresponding Author

* (Word Style "FA_Corresponding_Author_Footnote"). Give contact information for the author(s) to whom correspondence should be addressed at

Present Addresses

†If an author's address is different than the one given in the affiliation line, this information may be included here.

Author Contributions

The manuscript was written through contributions of all authors. / All authors have given approval to the final version of the manuscript, / *These authors contributed equally, (match statement to author names with a symbol)-

Funding Sources⊢

Any funds used to support the research of the manuscript should be placed here (per journal style).

Any additional relevant notes should be placed here.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT +

(Word Style "TD_Acknowledgments"). Generally the last paragraph of the paper is the place to acknowledge people (dedications), places, and financing (you may state grant numbers and sponsors here). Follow the journal's guidelines on what to include in the Acknowledgement section.

ARREVIATIONS

CCR2. CC chemokine receptor 2: CCL2, CC chemokine ligand 2: CCR5, CC chemokine receptor 5: TLC, thin layer chromatog-

REFERENCES

(Word Style "TF_References_Section"). References are placed at the end of the manuscript. Authors are responsible for the accuracy and completeness of all references. Examples of the recom mended formats for the various reference types can be found at http://pubs.acs.org/page/4authors/index.html. Detailed inforavailable from Oxford Press.

References

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Funding Sources

Document Templates 稿件格式模板

Acceptable Software by File Designation

A list of acceptable software formats for each File Designation is provided below. Files that are not in an acceptable format will be rejected by the ACS Paragon Plus system.

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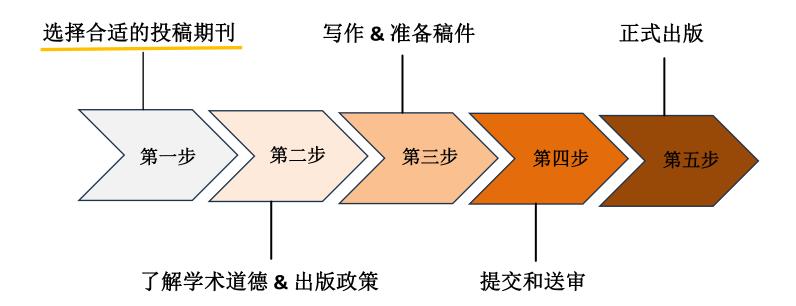




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定性+定量-根据研究成果选择不同定位的期刊, 即使不是领域顶刊,通常也是本领域的专业科 学期刊。



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参考期刊投稿指南 Author Guidelines 和期刊范 围 Journal Scope,自己的研究成果至少需要与 之相关。这些信息可以在ACS投稿中心找到 https://publish.acs.org/publish



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数据统计在下方二维码官方链接,包括:

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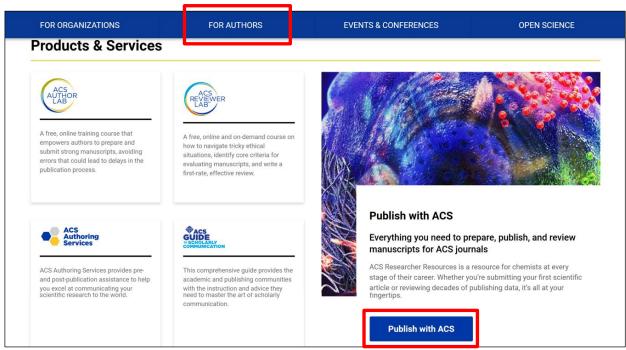
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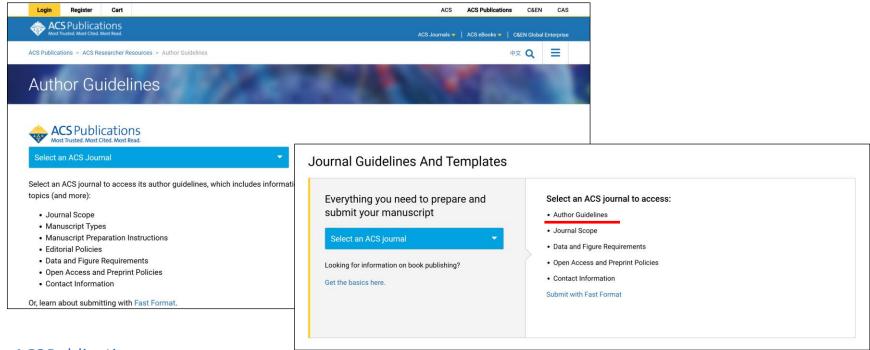
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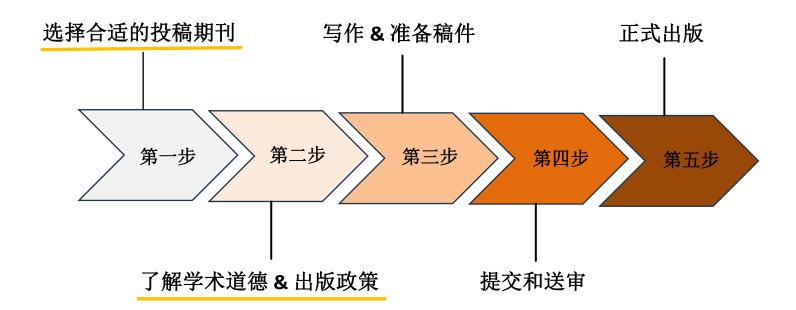


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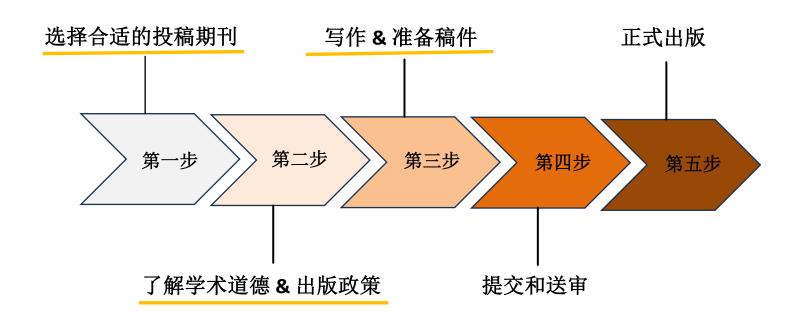
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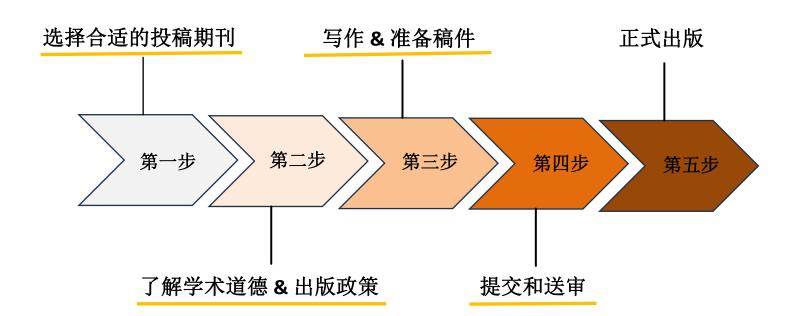


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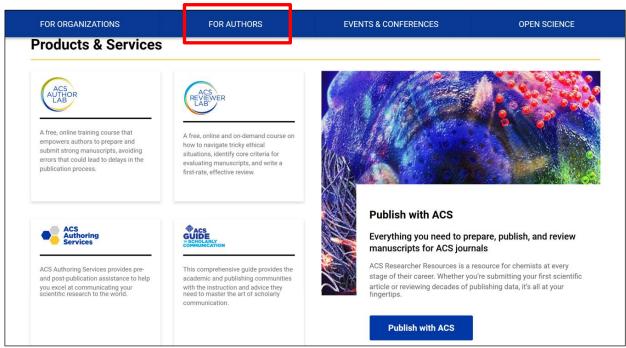
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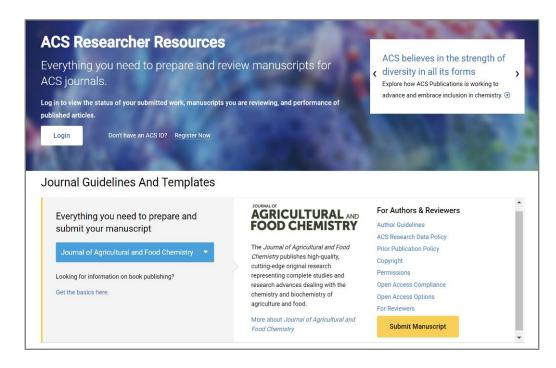




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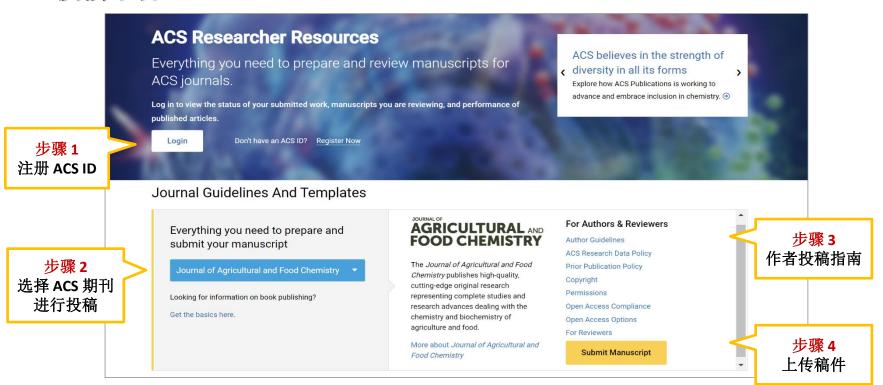
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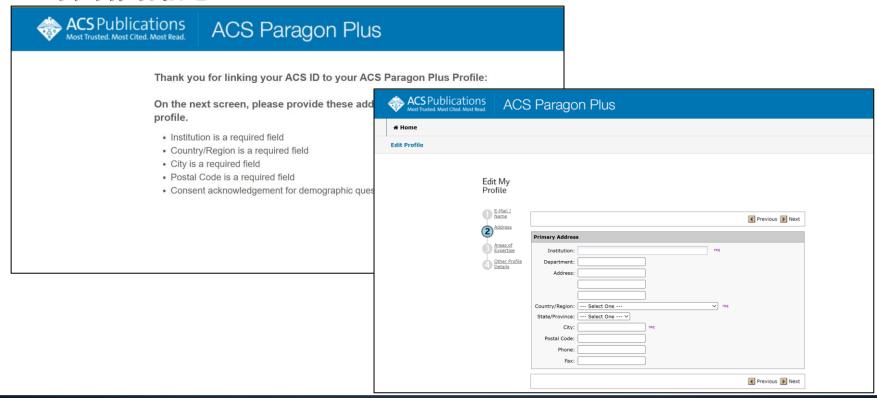


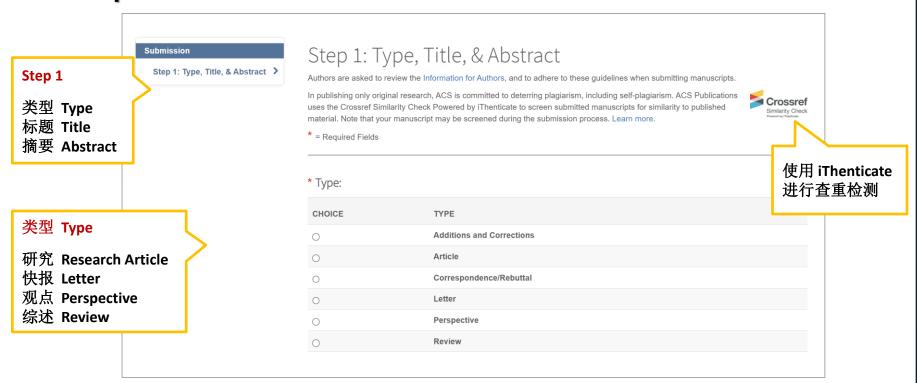
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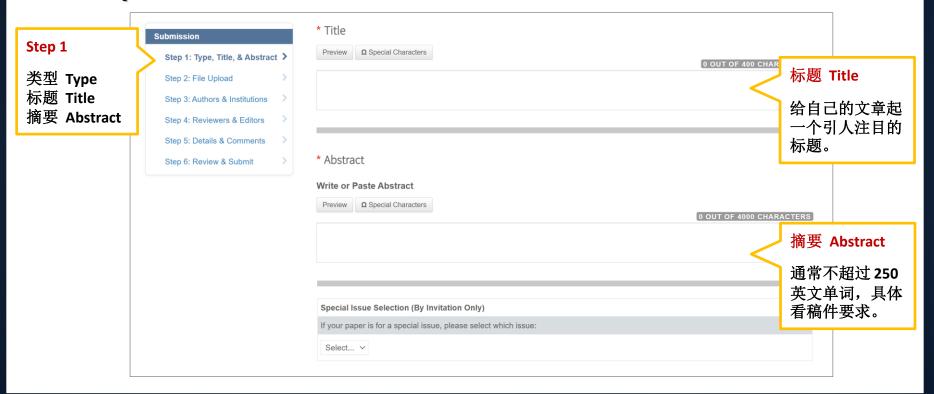
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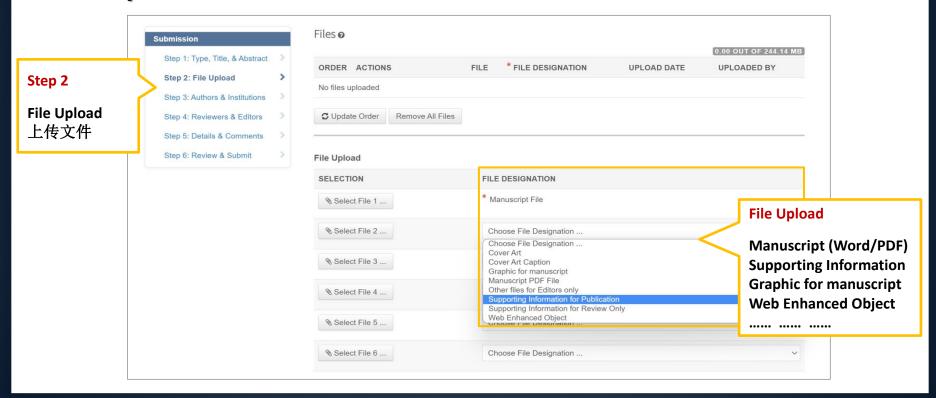


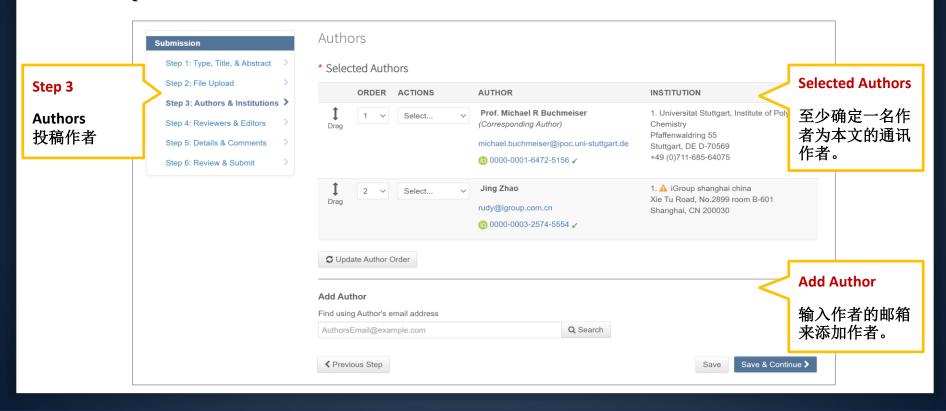
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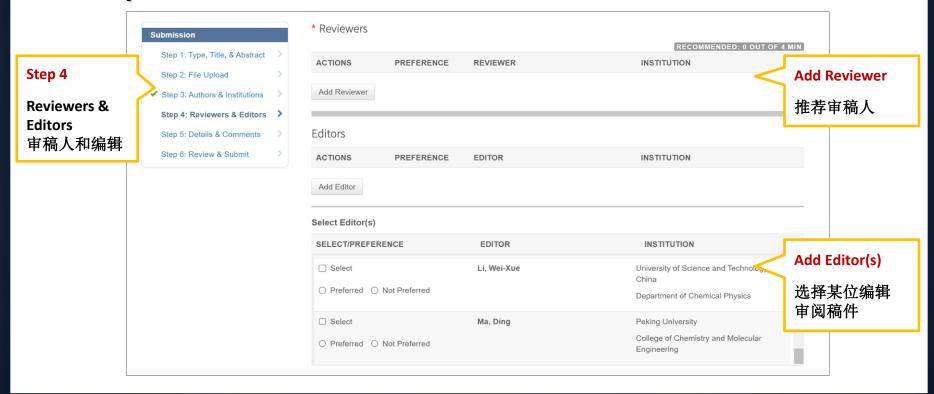


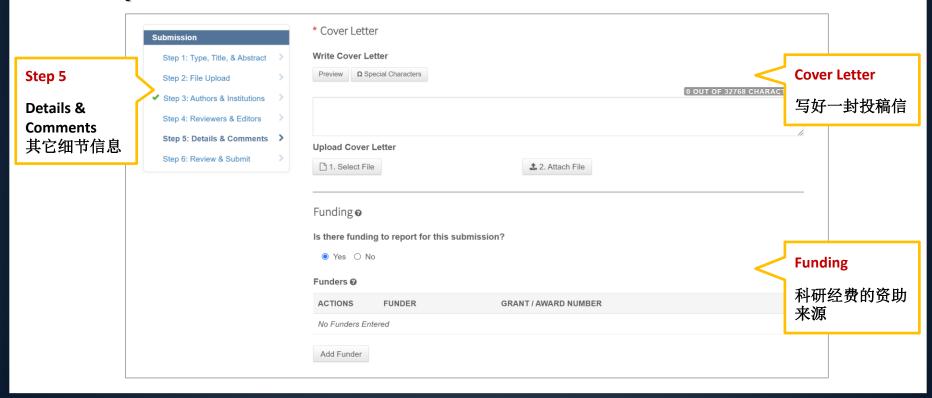








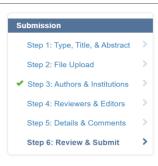




Step 6

Step 6

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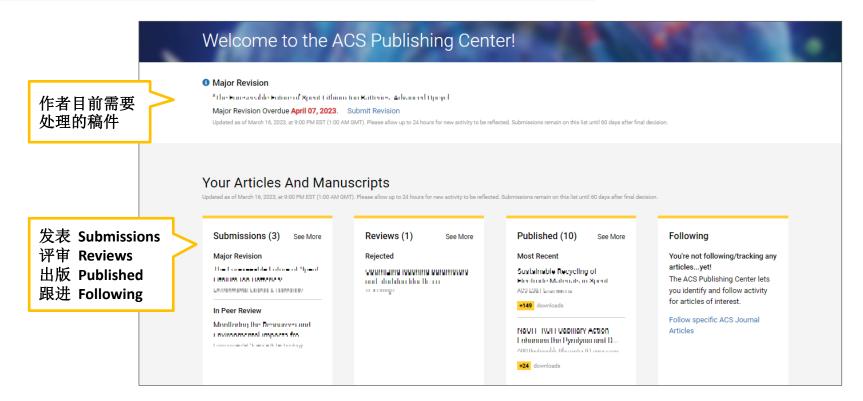
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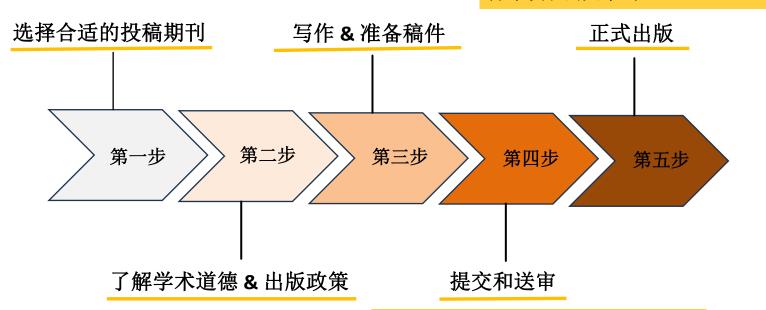
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编辑初审 Editorial Review (Pre-Screening)

■ 编辑从哪些方面判断文章是否适合本期刊?

- Scope 符合范围

- Scientific merit 科学价值

- Significance 意义和重要性

■ 初审之后,快速作出决定:

Peer Review Process 同行评审

- Immediately Reject 拒稿

■初审的作用:

- 避免稿件堆积
- 做出快速回复



Most scientists regarded the new streamlined peer-review process as 'quite an improvement.'

审稿人评审 External Review

符合范围 Appropriate Scope

The work should resonate with the journal's target audience, which improves its chances for reaching its intended readers.

→ 新颖原创 Novelty/Urgency

The manuscript should be original and provide insight into a challenging problem or fundamental issue, advancing the discipline in a timely way. Avoid reporting just an incremental improvement with a slightly different set of conditions.

→ 技术要求 Technical Validity

The research should be well designed, and the experiments, data collection and interpretation should be completed at a high level.

← 稿件质量 High Quality

The manuscript should be clear, concise, and formatted correctly. If the writing is confusing and contains grammatical errors, reviewers may be unable to judge the scientific quality.

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1. 优秀的审稿人能对稿件提出恰当的改进意见

- 1) 对该领域有广泛的知识和理解
- 2) 能对实验,技术或解释进行技术评估
- 3) 能够提供建设性的,公正的,不具有偏见的意见

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编辑有选择地邀请推荐审稿人以及审稿团队的学者,确保公平的审稿过程。

回复评审意见

1. 仔细阅读编辑决定和审稿人评语

Read the decision letter and reviewer comments.

2. 及时回复,注意时间期限,回复每一条评语并注明改动

Be timely!

Respond to each comment, noting what changes (if any) were made.

If you cannot complete a revision by the deadline, contact the editorial office to request an extension.

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If you disagree with a comment, that is okay – but make sure the editor understands why you disagree. Use science to back up your argument.

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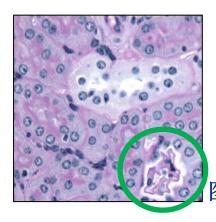
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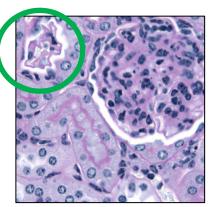
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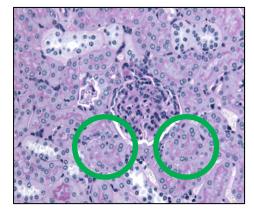
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图E



经过图像的查重检测:

- 1) 图A和图B有完全一致 的图案。
- 2) 图C有被修改的痕迹, 被标记部分完全一致。

图C